

ICC-ES Evaluation Report

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DIVISION: 05 00 00—METALS Section: 05 05 23—Metal Fastenings

DIVISION: 09 00 00—FINISHES Section: 09 22 16.23—Fasteners

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EVALUATION SUBJECT:

RAMSET AND DUO-FAST POWER-ACTUATED FASTENERS AND CEILING CLIP ASSEMBLIES

1.0 EVALUATION SCOPE

Compliance with the following codes:

- 2012, 2009 and 2006 International Building Code® (IBC)
- 2012, 2009 and 2006 International Residential Code[®] (IRC)
 - 2013 Abu Dhabi International Building Code (ADIBC)[†]

 $^{\dagger}\text{The ADIBC}$ is based on the 2009 IBC. 2009 IBC code sections referenced in this report are the same sections in the ADIBC.

Property evaluated:

Structural

2.0 **USES**

Ramset and Duo-Fast 1500, 1600 W, TE Series fasteners and SP Series Power Point fasteners are used for general fastening of building components to normal-weight

concrete, sand-lightweight concrete, sand-lightweight concrete filled steel deck panels, concrete masonry and structural steel substrates. The fasteners are used as alternatives to cast-in-place concrete anchors described in 2012 IBC Section 1908 (2009 and 2006 IBC Section 1911) for placement in concrete; to the embedded anchors described in Section 2.1.4 of TMS 402/ACI 530/ASCE 5 (which is referenced in IBC Section 2107); and to the welds and bolts used to attach to steel, described in IBC Sections 2204.1 and 2204.2. The fasteners may also be used where an engineered design is submitted in accordance with IRC Section R301.1.3.

Ramset SDC, SPC and TEC ceiling clip assemblies are used to attach wire for suspended ceilings to the supporting structure above. The ceiling clip assemblies are used as alternatives to cast-in-place concrete anchors described in 2012 IBC Section 1908 (2009 and 2006 IBC Section 1911); and may also be used where an engineered design is submitted in accordance with IRC Section R301.1.3.

3.0 DESCRIPTION

3.1 General:

See the tables in this report for shank descriptions and nominal shank diameters. The fasteners are available in various lengths to achieve embedment depths as noted in Tables 1 through 8.

3.2 Ramset and Duo-Fast 1500 Series Fasteners:

The 1500 series fasteners are manufactured from steel complying with ASTM A510, Grade 1060 or 1062, and austempered to a Rockwell "C" core hardness of 52 to 56 for smooth-shank fasteners and 54 to 56 for knurled-shank fasteners.

The 1500 series fasteners have a nominal shank diameter of 0.145 inch (3.7 mm) and a nominal head diameter of 0.3 inch (7.6 mm). All of the 1500 series fasteners have a zinc-plated finish, except for the smooth-shank 1506B and 1508B fasteners, which have a black oxide finish. The 1506B and 1508B fasteners are limited to installation in normal-weight concrete.

3.3 Ramset 1600 W Series Fasteners:

The 1600 W series fasteners are manufactured from steel wire complying with ASTM A510, Grades 1060 or 1062, and austempered to Rockwell "C" core hardness of 52 to 56 for smooth-shank fasteners and 54 to 56 for knurled-shank fasteners.

The 1600 series fasteners have a nominal shank diameter of 0.145 inch and $^{1}/_{4}$ -20 threads on the end of the



fasteners to be used with a nut and washer. The 1600 W series fasteners have a zinc-plated finish.

3.4 Ramset and Duo-Fast SP Series Power Point Fasteners:

The SP Series Power Point fasteners are straight or stepped shank series fasteners manufactured from steel wire complying with ASTM A510, Grade 1060 or 1062, and austempered to a Rockwell "C" hardness of 55 to 56.

The SP Series Power Point fasteners have a head diameter of 0.3 inch (7.62 mm). Fasteners having nominal shank lengths of $^{7}/_{8}$ inch and less have a smooth, straight, nominally 0.150-inch diameter shank. Fasteners having a nominal shank length of 1 inch or longer have a smooth, stepped shank with a nominally 0.150-inch diameter shank at the tapered end and a nominally 0.180-inch diameter shank at the headed end. The SP Series Power Point fasteners have a zinc-plated finish.

3.5 Ramset and Duo-Fast True Embedment (TE) Series Fasteners:

The TE series fasteners are straight and tapered shank fasteners manufactured from steel wire complying with ASTM A510, Grade 1070, and austempered to a Rockwell "C" hardness of 55 to 58.

The TE series fasteners have a head diameter of 0.32 inch (8.1 mm). The smooth shank fasteners have a tapered point and a nominal straight shank diameter of 0.157 inch. The knurled fasteners have a straight shank with a nominal diameter of 0.157 inch. The TE series fasteners have a zinc-plated finish.

3.6 Ramset Ceiling Clip Assemblies:

Ramset ceiling clip assemblies are comprised of a poweractuated fastener with a premounted steel clip. See Figure 4.

- **3.6.1 SDC 100 and SDC 125 Ceiling Clip Assemblies:** The fasteners used in the SDC 100 and SDC 125 ceiling clip assemblies are 1500 series, smooth, straight shank fasteners, described in Section 3.2, with shank lengths of 1 inch and 1¹/₄ inches (25.4 and 31.7 mm), respectively. The clip angles have a 120-degree angle between the legs of the clip and are manufactured from ³/₄-inch-wide steel strips conforming to ASTM A653 FS Type B and having a base-metal thickness of 0.074 inch (1.88 mm). One leg of the clip is ²⁹/₃₂ inch long (23 mm) and the opposite leg is ³/₄ inch long (19.1 mm). The fasteners are inserted through a dimple formed in the longer leg of the clip angle. The other leg has a hole with a nominal diameter of 0.335 inch (8.5 mm) through which the ceiling wire is attached.
- 3.6.2 SPC 78 and SPC 114 Ceiling Clip Assemblies: The fasteners used in the SPC 78 and SPC 114 ceiling clip assemblies are SP series Power Point smooth, straight shank fasteners, described in Section 3.4, with shank lengths of $\frac{1}{8}$ inch and $\frac{1}{4}$ inches (22 and 31.7 mm), respectively. The clip angles have a 90-degree angle between the legs of the clips and are manufactured from $^{3}/_{4}$ -inch-wide (19.1 mm), No. 14 gage [0.0747 inch (1.90 mm) base-metal thickness], steel strips conforming to ASTM A653 CS Type B. One leg of the clip is 1 inch long (25.4 mm) and the opposite leg is $^{3}/_{4}$ inch long (19.1 mm). The fasteners are inserted through an eyelet which is inserted through the hole in the 1-inch-long (25.4 mm) leg of the clip. The eyelet is manufactured from 5052-0 grade aluminum having a thickness of 0.032 inch (0.81 mm). The ³/₄-inch-long (19.1 mm) leg has a hole with a nominal diameter of 0.313 inch (8.0 mm) through which the ceiling wire is attached.
- **3.6.3 TEC100 Ceiling Clip Assemblies:** The fastener used in the TEC100 ceiling clip assemblies is the TE series

smooth shank fastener, described in Section 3.5, with a shank length of 1 inch (25.4 mm). The clip angle and eyelet are the same as for the SPC 78 and SPC 114 ceiling clip assemblies described in Section 3.6.2.

3.7 Substrate Materials:

- **3.7.1 Structural Steel:** Structural steel used in supports must comply with the minimum requirements of ASTM A36 (see Table 4), ASTM A572 Grade 50 or ASTM A992 (see Table 5), and must have thicknesses as noted in Table 4 or 5.
- **3.7.2 Normal-weight Concrete:** Normal-weight concrete must be stone-aggregate and comply with IBC Chapter 19 or IRC Section R402.2, as applicable. The minimum concrete compressive strength at the time of fastener installation is noted in Tables 1 and 7.
- **3.7.3 Sand-lightweight Concrete:** Sand-lightweight concrete must comply with IBC Chapter 19. The minimum concrete compressive strength at the time of fastener installation is noted in Tables 2, 3 and 8.
- **3.7.4 Steel Deck Panels:** Steel deck panels must conform to a code-referenced material standard, with the minimum thickness and minimum yield strength noted in Tables 3 and 8. See Figure 1 for panel configuration requirements.
- **3.7.5 Concrete Masonry:** The CMUs must be 8-inchthick, normal weight blocks conforming to ASTM C90. Mortar must be Type S mortar complying with IBC Section 2103. Grout must be coarse grout complying with IBC Section 2103.

4.0 DESIGN AND INSTALLATION

4.1 Design:

4.1.1 Allowable Loads: The most critical applied loads, excluding seismic load effects, resulting from the load combinations in IBC Section 1605.3.1 or 1605.3.2 must not exceed the allowable loads described in this section. For fasteners which are subjected to seismic loads, see Section 4.1.3 for additional information.

The allowable shear and tension (pullout) values in the tables of this report are for use in allowable stress design (ASD). The allowable loads apply to the connection of the fasteners to the specified base materials only, and limit states such as pull-over and lateral bearing, which are governed by the properties of attached materials, are outside the scope of this report. Design of the connection to the attached material must comply with the applicable requirements of the IBC. The stress increases and load reductions described in IBC Section 1605.3, must not be allowed for wind loads acting alone or combined with vertical loads. No adjustment is allowed for vertical loads acting alone.

The allowable shear and tension values for the Ramset and Duo-Fast fasteners driven into normal-weight concrete are shown in Table 1. Allowable shear and tension values for these fasteners driven into sand-lightweight concrete are shown in Table 2. Allowable shear and tension values for these fasteners driven into sand-lightweight concrete filled steel deck panels are shown in Table 3. Allowable shear and tension values for these fasteners driven into steel are shown in Tables 4 and 5. Allowable shear and tension values for these fasteners driven into concrete masonry are shown in Table 6.

The allowable shear and tension values for the ceiling clip assemblies installed in normal-weight concrete are shown in Table 7. Allowable shear and tension values for the ceiling clip assemblies installed through steel deck panels and into the sand-lightweight concrete fill of the metal steel deck panel are shown in Table 8.

The allowable loads for fasteners subjected to combined shear and tension loads must be determined using the following equation:

$$(p/P_a) + (v/V_a) \le 1$$

where:

p = Actual tension load, lbf (N).

 P_a = Allowable tension load, lbf (N).

v = Actual shear load, lbf (N).

 V_a = Allowable shear load, lbf (N).

4.1.2 Wood to Steel or Concrete: Reference lateral design values for nails, determined in accordance with Part 11 and Table 11N of the ANSI/AWC NDS, are applicable to Ramset fasteners of equal or greater diameters. The wood element must be considered to be the side member. The fastener bending yield strength used in determination of the connection capacity is allowed to be taken as the value noted in the footnotes to Table 11N of the NDS, based on the shank diameter of the Ramset fastener.

Under the 2012 and 2009 IBC and IRC, the fasteners may be used in contact with fire-retardant-treated wood in dry, interior locations only, in accordance with IBC Section 2304.9.5.4, IRC Section R317.3.4 and ITW Ramset's recommendations. Use of fasteners in contact with preservative-treated wood or in contact with fire-retardant-treated wood in exterior applications is outside the scope of this report.

- Under the 2006 IBC and IRC, use of fasteners in contact with preservative-treated wood or fire-retardant-treated wood is outside the scope of this report.
 - **4.1.3 Seismic Considerations:** The fasteners are recognized for use when subjected to seismic loads as follows:
 - The Ramset and Duo-Fast fasteners may be used with nonstructural components listed in Section 13.1.4 of ASCE 7, which are exempt from the requirements of ASCE 7.
 - Concrete Base Materials: The fasteners installed in concrete base materials may be used to support acoustical tile or lay-in panel suspended ceiling systems, distributed systems and distribution systems where the service load on any individual fastener does not exceed the lesser of 90 lbf (400 N) or the published allowable load in Tables 1, 2, 3,7, and 8, as applicable.
 - Steel Base Materials: The fasteners installed in steel
 may be used for attaching nonstructural components
 where the service load on any individual fastener
 does not exceed the lesser of 250 lbf (1112 N) or the
 published allowable load shown in Tables 4 and 5, as
 applicable.
 - Interior, Nonstructural Walls: For interior. nonstructural walls that are not subject to sustained tension loads and are not a bracing application, the power-actuated fasteners described in Section 3.0 may be used to attach steel track to concrete or steel in all Seismic Design Categories. In Seismic Design Categories D, E and F, the allowable shear load due to transverse pressure must be no more than 90 pounds (400 N) when attaching to concrete; or 250 pounds (1,112 N) when attaching to steel. Substantiating calculations must be submitted addressing the fastener-to-base-material capacity and the fastener-to-attached-material capacity. Interior

nonstructural walls are limited to locations where bearing walls, shear walls or braced walls are not required by the approved plans. The design load on the fastener must not exceed the allowable load shown in Tables 1 through 5, as applicable.

4.2 Installation:

The fasteners must be installed in accordance with this report and the ITW Ramset installation instructions. A copy of these instructions must be available on the jobsite at all times during installation.

A low-velocity, powder-actuated fastening tool, recommended by ITW Ramset or ITW Brands - Duo-Fast, must be used to install the fasteners. The fastener penetration, spacing and edge distances must be as noted in the tables of this report.

5.0 CONDITIONS OF USE

The ITW Ramset and ITW Brands - Duo-Fast poweractuated fasteners and ceiling clip assemblies described in this report comply with, or are suitable alternatives to what is specified in, those codes listed in Section 1.0 of this report, subject to the following conditions:

- 5.1 The fasteners must be manufactured and identified in accordance with this report.
- 5.2 Fastener installation complies with this report and ITW Ramset or ITW Brands - Duo-Fast published installation instructions. In the event of a conflict between this report and the published installation instructions, this report governs.
- 5.3 Calculations demonstrating that the applied loads are less than the maximum allowable loads described in Section 4.1.1 must be submitted to the code official. The calculations must be prepared by a registered design professional where required by the statutes of the jurisdiction in which the project is to be constructed.
- **5.4** Refer to Section 4.1.3 for seismic considerations.
- 5.5 The minimum concrete thickness must be three times the fastener embedment in concrete, except where noted otherwise in this report.
- **5.6** The use of fasteners is limited to uncracked concrete. Cracking occurs when $f_t > f_r$ due to service loads or deformations.
- 5.7 Installation must be limited to dry interior environments, which include exterior walls which are protected by an exterior wall envelope.
- 5.8 Refer to Section 4.1.2 regarding the use of fasteners in contact with preservative-treated or fire-retardanttreated.

6.0 EVIDENCE SUBMITTED

Data in accordance with the ICC-ES Acceptance Criteria for Power-actuated Fasteners Driven into Concrete, Steel and Masonry Elements (AC70), dated April 2015.

7.0 IDENTIFICATION

The containers of the fasteners are labeled with the company name (ITW Ramset or ITW Brands - Duo-Fast); the fastener product name, length, catalog number, and quantity; the evaluation report number (ESR-1799); and the manufacturing date. In addition, the ITW Ramset 1500 series and SP series fasteners are identified by the letter "R" stamped into the fastener head, the ITW Brands - DUO-FAST 1500 series and SP series fasteners have a semi-circle stamped on the fastener head and the TE Series fasteners have the nominal length marked on the fastener head. See Figure 3.

TABLE 1—ALLOWABLE TENSION AND SHEAR VALUES FOR FASTENERS INSTALLED IN NORMAL-WEIGHT CONCRETE¹ (lbf)

PART	NOMINAL	SHANK		MINIMUM	MINIMUM	CON	CRETE C	COMPRESS	IVE STR	ENGTH (p	osi)
NUMBER SERIES	SHANK DIAMETER	DESCRIPTION		SPACING (inches)	EDGE DISTANCE	2000 psi		4000	psi	6000 psi	
SERIES			(inches)	(IIICIIes)	(inches)	Tension	Shear	Tension	Shear	Tension	Shear
1500 and 1600 W	0.145	Smooth- straight	3/ ₄ 1 1 ¹ / ₄ 1 ¹ / ₂	5.1	3.2	50 152 159 154	66 166 265 340	100 157 179 209	104 182 267 342		
SP	0.150	Smooth- straight	3/4	5.1	3.2	_	_	150	105	81	82
SP	0.150/0.180	Smooth- stepped	1 1 ¹ / ₄ 1 ¹ / ₂	5.1	3.5	154 207 —	200 230 —	243 298 384	175 218 391	189 213 239	210 305 594
TE	0.157	Smooth- tapered	3/ ₄ 1 1 ¹ / ₄	5.1	2.75	71 197 264	116 216 283	71 258 377	116 216 317	109 214 415	117 383 349

For **SI:** 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 lbf = 4.45 N, 1 psi = 6.89 kPa.

TABLE 2—ALLOWABLE TENSION AND SHEAR VALUES FOR FASTENERS INSTALLED IN MINIMUM 3000 psi SAND-LIGHTWEIGHT CONCRETE¹

PART NUMBER SERIES	NOMINAL SHANK DIAMETER (inch)	SHANK DESCRIPTION	MINIMUM EMBEDMENT DEPTH (inches)	MINIMUM SPACING (inches)	MINIMUM EDGE DISTANCE (inches)	TENSION (lbf)	SHEAR (lbf)
1500	0.145	Smooth-straight	3/ ₄ 1 1 ¹ / ₄ 1 ¹ / ₂	4	3.2	167 200 333 391	179 228 400 410
SP	0.150/0.180	Smooth-stepped	1 1 ¹ / ₄ 1 ¹ / ₂	4	3.5	226 329 406	250 377 380
TE	0.157	Smooth-tapered	3/ ₄ 1 1 ¹ / ₄ 1 ¹ / ₂	5.1	3.0	152 325 358 466	159 347 437 478

For **SI:** 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 lbf = 4.45 N, 1 psi = 6.89 kPa.

¹The fasteners must not be driven until the concrete has reached the designated minimum compressive strength. Minimum concrete thickness must be three times the fastener embedment into the concrete.

¹The fasteners must not be driven until the concrete has reached the designated minimum compressive strength. Minimum concrete thickness must be three times the fastener embedment into the concrete, unless noted otherwise.

TABLE 3—ALLOWABLE TENSION AND SHEAR VALUES FOR FASTENERS INSTALLED THROUGH METAL DECK INTO MINIMUM 3000 psi SAND-LIGHTWEIGHT CONCRETE¹

PART	NOMINAL	SHANK DESCRIPTION	MINIMUM	MINIMUM	3-INCH		1 ¹ / ₂ -INCH DEEP B TYPE STEEL DECK ^{4,5}				
NUMBER SERIES	SHANK DIAMETER		EMBEDMENT DEPTH	SPACING (inches)	TYPE STE	TYPE STEEL DECK ^{2,3}		Flute	Lower Flute		
JERIES	(inch)		(inches)	(inches)	Tension (lbf)	Shear (lbf)	Tension (lbf)	Shear (lbf)	Tension (lbf)	Shear (lbf)	
1500	0.145	Smooth-straight	3/ ₄ 1 1 ¹ / ₄ 1 ¹ / ₂	4	76 134 157 233	260 265 269 346	1	-	-	-	
SP	0.150/0.180	Smooth-stepped	1 1 ¹ / ₄ 1 ¹ / ₂	4	119 175 179	336 372 426	1	-	-	-	
TE	0.157	Smooth-tapered	3/ ₄ 1 1 ¹ / ₄ 1 ¹ / ₂	5.1	106 152 164 238	265 327 330 448	131 156 - -	261 273 - -	154 138 - -	307 265 - -	

For **SI:** 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 lbf = 4.45 N, 1 psi = 6.89 kPa.

TABLE 4—ALLOWABLE TENSION AND SHEAR VALUES FOR FASTENERS INSTALLED IN ASTM A36 STEEL1 (Ibf)

PART	NOMINAL SHANK DIAMETER	OF	MINIMUM SPACING	MINIMUM EDGE DISTANCE	STEEL THICKNESS (inch)										
NUMBER SERIES					³ / ₁₆		¹ / ₄		³/ ₈		1/2		≥³/₄		
OLIVIEG	(inch)	OHAIN	(inches)		Tension	Shear	Tension	Shear	Tension	Shear	Tension	Shear	Tension	Shear	
1500 and 1600W	0.145	Smooth	1	1/2	81	373	181	273	397	489	243 ²	277 ²	_	_	
1500K and 1600 WK	0.145	Knurled	1	1/2	296	636	584	659	680	730	253 ²	293²	_	_	
SP	0.150	Smooth	1	1/2	385	662	445	477	393	574	948	597	234 ²	356 ²	
TE	0.157	Knurled	1	1/2	323	606	562	673	934	820	603	766	343 ³	496 ³	

For SI: 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 lbf = 4.45 N.

TABLE 5—ALLOWABLE LOADS FOR FASTENERS INSTALLED IN ASTM A572 GRADE 50 OR ASTM A992 STEEL¹ (lbf)

PART	NOMINAL		_	MINIMUM EDGE DISTANCE	STEEL THICKNESS (inch)										
NUMBER SERIES	SHANK DIAMETER	_	SPACING (inch)		³ / ₁	16	1/	4	3/	8	1/	2	≥3	14	
OLIVIEO	(inch)	OHAITI	(111011)	(inch)	Tension	Shear	Tension	Shear	Tension	Shear	Tension	Shear	Tension	Shear	
1500K and 1600WK	0.145	Knurled	1	1/2	260	499	579	725	383 ²	595 ²	ı	l	_	_	
SP	0.150	Smooth	1	1/2	356	569	554	637	604	602	814 ³	820 ³	243 ⁴	381 ⁴	
TE	0.157	Knurled	1	1/2	442	676	630	662	760	725	582	532	311 ²	467 ²	

For **SI**: 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 lbf = 4.45 N.

¹The fasteners must not be driven until the concrete has reached the designated minimum compressive strength. Minimum concrete thickness must be three times the fastener embedment into the concrete, unless noted otherwise.

²The fastener must be installed through the lower flutes of the metal deck with a minimum edge distance of 1¹/₈ inches from the edge of the steel deck web and 4 inches (5.1 inches for TE fasteners) from the end of the deck. Concrete thickness above the deck must be a minimum of 3¹/₂ inches (2¹/₄ inches for TE fasteners). See Figure 1 of this report.

³The steel deck must be configured as shown in Figure 1, have a minimum base-metal thickness of 0.035 inch, and have a minimum yield strength of 49.5 ksi.

⁴The Tastener must be installed through the upper or lower flutes of the metal deck at the center of the flute and a minimum of 5.1 inches from the end of the deck. Concrete thickness above the deck must be a minimum of 2¹/₄ inches. See Figure 2 of this report.

⁵The steel deck must be configured as shown in Figure 2, have a minimum base-metal thickness of 0.035 inch, and have a minimum yield strength of 53.5 ksi.

¹Except where noted otherwise in this table, the allowable load values shown are for fastenings that have the entire pointed end of the fastener driven through the steel plate.

²Fastener penetration into steel must be a minimum of ⁷/₁₆ inch.

³Fastener penetration into steel must be a minimum of ³/₈ inch.

¹Except where noted otherwise in this table, the allowable load values shown are for fastenings that have the entire pointed end of the fasteners driven through the steel plate.

²Fastener penetration into the steel must be a minimum of ³/₈ inch.

³Fastener penetration into the steel must be a minimum of ¹/₂ inch.

⁴Fastener penetration into the steel must be a minimum of ⁷/₁₆ inch.

TABLE 6—ALLOWABLE LOADS FOR FASTENERS DRIVEN INTO CONCRETE MASONRY UNITS^{1,2}

Ī	PART	SHANK	MINIMUM	HOLLOW UNGROUTED CMU				GROUT-FILLED CMU						
	NUMBER SERIES	DIAMETER (inch)	(inch)	Face Shell ³		Mortar	Mortar Joint ⁴ Face		Face Shell ³		Mortar Joint⁴		Top of Grouted Cell ^{3,6}	
				Tension (lbf)	Shear ⁷ (lbf)	Tension (lbf)	Shear ⁵ (lbf)	Tension (lbf)	Shear ⁷ (lbf)	Tension (lbf)	Shear ⁵ (lbf)	Tension (lbf)	Shear ⁷ (lbf)	
	TE	0.157	1	33	100	42	68	139	145	91	127	165	171	

For **SI**: 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 lbf = 4.4 N.

TABLE 7—ALLOWABLE TENSION AND SHEAR VALUES FOR CEILING CLIP ASSEMBLIES INSTALLED IN NORMAL-WEIGHT CONCRETE¹ (lbf)

PART	NOMINAL	MINIMUM	MINIMUM	MINIMUM	CONCRETE COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH						
NUMBER	SHANK DIAMETER	EMBEDMENT DEPTH	SPACING (inches)	EDGE DISTANCE	4000) psi	6000) psi			
	(inch)	(inches)	(mones)	(inches)	Tension	Shear	Tension	Shear			
SDC100	0.145	⁷ / ₈	4	3.2	115	120	_	_			
SDC125	0.145	1 ¹ / ₈	4	3.2	130	167	_	_			
SPC78	0.150	3/4	5.1	3.2	155	188	150	153			
SPC114	0.150/0.180	1 ¹ / ₈	5	3.5	127	226	169	300			
TEC100	0.157	⁷ / ₈	5.1	3.5	207		_	_			

For **SI:** 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 lbf = 4.45 N, 1 psi = 6.89 kPa.

TABLE 8—ALLOWABLE TENSION AND SHEAR VALUES FOR CEILING CLIP ASSEMBLIES INSTALLED IN MINIMUM 3000 psi SAND-LIGHTWEIGHT CONCRETE FILLED STEEL DECK PANEL 1.2,3 (lbf)

PART	NOMINAL	MINIMUM	MINIMUM	FASTENER INSTALLATION LOCATION AND LOADING CONDITION							
NUMBER	SHANK DIAMETER (inch)	EMBEDMENT DEPTH (inches)	SPACING (inches)	Lower Flute Tension	Lower Flute Shear	Upper Flute Tension	Upper Flute Shear				
SDC100	0.145	⁷ / ₈	4	67	237	104	310				
SDC125	0.145	1 ¹ / ₈	4	94	276	106	319				
SPC78	0.150	⁷ / ₈	4	59	202	84	324				
SPC114	0.150/0.180	1 ¹ / ₈	4	157	272	180	334				
TEC100	0.157	⁷ / ₈	5.1	88	_	_	_				

For **SI**: 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 lbf = 4.45 N, 1 psi = 6.89 kPa.

¹See Section 3.7.5 for CMU, mortar and grout requirements.

²Fasteners must be installed a minimum of 5.1 inches from the end of the wall.

³Fasteners must be installed at the center of the CMU cell. No more than one fastener may be installed in an individual CMU cell.

⁴Applicable to fasteners installed in the horizontal mortar joint (bed joint). Minimum fastener spacing must be 5.1 inches.

⁵Allowable shear load value applies to load applied perpendicular to the mortar joint.

⁶Fastener must be installed vertically at the top, center of grouted cell.

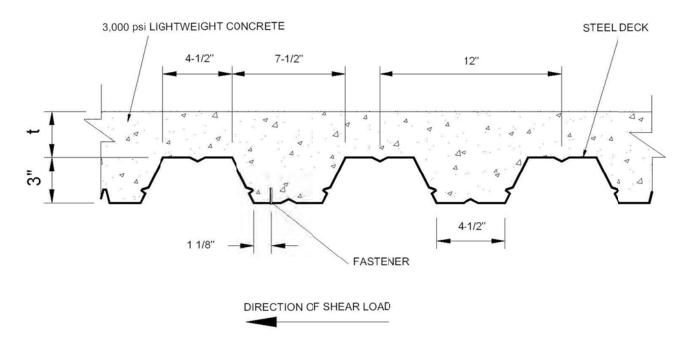
⁷Shear load can be in any direction perpendicular to the axis of the fastener.

¹The fasteners must not be driven until the concrete has reached the designated minimum compressive strength. Minimum concrete thickness must be three times the fastener embedment into the concrete.

¹The fasteners must not be driven until the concrete has reached the designated minimum compressive strength. Minimum concrete thickness above the deck must be a minimum of $3^{1}/_{2}$ inches ($2^{1}/_{4}$ inches for TEC fasteners).

²For fasteners installed through steel deck, the fastener must be installed through and into the upper or lower flute of the deck with a minimum edge distance of 1¹/₈ inches from the edge of the steel deck and 4 inches (5.1 inches for TE fasteners) from the end of the deck panel.

³The steel deck panel must be configured as shown in Figure 1 and have a minimum base-metal thickness of 0.035 inch and minimum yield strength of 49.5 ksi.



For **SI**: 1 inch = 25.4 mm.

See Tables 2 and 6.

 $t = 3^{1}/2$ " for 1500 and SP Series Fasteners (See Table 3)

 $t = 3^{1}/_{2}$ " for SDC100, SDC125, SPC78, and SPC114 (See Table 8)

 $t = 2^{1}/4$ " for TE Series Fasteners (See Tables 3 and 8)

FIGURE 1—FASTENER INSTALLATION LOCATION IN SAND-LIGHTWEIGHT CONCRETE FILLED 3 INCH DEEP STEEL DECK

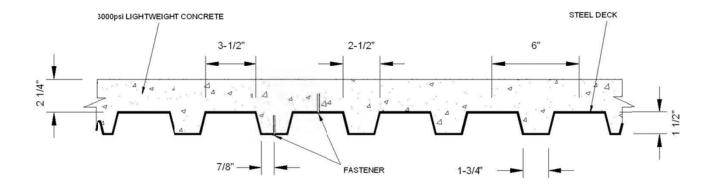


FIGURE 2—FASTENER INSTALLATION LOCATION IN SAND-LIGHTWEIGHT CONCRETE FILLED 11/2 INCH DEEP STEEL DECK









TE FASTENERS





FIGURE 3—FASTENER MARKING





FIGURE 4—RAMSET CEILING CLIP ASSEMBLIES



ICC-ES Evaluation Report

ESR-1799 CBC and CRC Supplement

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EVALUATION SUBJECT:

RAMSET AND DUO-FAST POWERACTUATED FASTENERS AND CEILING CLIP ASSEMBLIES

1.0 REPORT PURPOSE AND SCOPE

Purpose:

The purpose of this evaluation report supplement is to indicate that Ramset and Duo-Fast PowerActuated Fasteners and Ceiling Clip Assemblies, recognized in ICC-ES master evaluation report ESR-1799, have also been evaluated for compliance with the codes noted below.

Applicable code editions:

- 2013 California Building Code (CBC)
- 2013 California Residential Code (CRC)

2.0 CONCLUSIONS

2.1 CBC:

The Ramset and Duo-Fast PowerActuated Fasteners and Ceiling Clip Assemblies, described in Sections 2.0 through 7.0 of the master evaluation report ESR-1799, comply with CBC Chapters 19, 19A, 22, and 22A, provided the design and installation are in accordance with the 2012 *International Building Code®* provisions noted in the master report and the additional requirements of CBC Chapters 19, 19A, 22 and 22A, as applicable.

2.2 CRC:

The Ramset and Duo-Fast PowerActuated Fasteners and Ceiling Clip Assemblies, described in Sections 2.0 through 7.0 of the master evaluation report ESR-1799, comply with the CRC, provided the design and installation are in accordance with the 2012 *International Residential Code®* provisions noted in the master report.

This supplement expires concurrently with the master report, reissued June 2016.

